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APPLICATION NO	). F	TLING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/789,442	10/789,442 02/26/2004		Arthur Ashman	01527/100L635-US1	5006
7278	7590	05/16/2006		EXAMINER	
DARBY		P.C.	BERMAN, SUSAN W		
P. O. BOX 5257 NEW YORK, NY 10150-5257				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				1711	
				DATE MAILED: 05/16/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/789,442	ASHMAN ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Susan W. Berman	1711				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting  17 rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on  2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This  3) Since this application is in condition for allowan closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro					
Disposition of Claims						
4)  Claim(s) 1-90 is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw  5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6)  Claim(s) is/are rejected.  7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8)  Claim(s) 1-90 are subject to restriction and/or expectation and/or expectation.	election requirement.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the construction of the co	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing(s) is object.	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati ity documents have been receive (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Di 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:					

## **DETAILED ACTION**

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- Claims 1-23, 91, 94 and 95, drawn to a composition comprising a bone substitute, a crosslinkable prepolymer and a (photo)initiator, classified in class 522, subclass 087.
- II. Claims 24-28, drawn to a cured composition, classified in class 527, subclass 201.
- III. Claim 29, drawn to a method of promoting bone generation comprising applying and curing the Group I composition, classified in class 522, subclass 087.
- IV. Claims 30-32, drawn to a method of stabilizing a dental implant comprising embedding the implant into a cured composition of Group II, classified in class 433, subclass 201.1.
- V. Claim 33, drawn to a method for preparing objects comprising curing the composition of
   Group I in a mold, classified in class 264, subclass 496.
- VI. Claim 34, drawn to a method of drug delivery comprising applying and curing the composition of Group I including a therapeutic agent, classified in class 424, subclass 484.
- VII. Claims 35-48, 92, 96 and 97, drawn to a composition comprising a polymeric bone substitute, a linear polymer, a free radically polymerizable monomer and a (photo)initiator, classified in class 522, subclass 087.
- VIII. Claims 49-54, drawn to a cured composition obtained by curing the Group VII composition, classified in class 527, subclass 200.
- IX. Claim 55, drawn to a method of promoting bone generation comprising applying and curing the Group VII composition, classified in class 522, subclass 087.

- X. Claims 56-58, drawn to a method of stabilizing a dental implant comprising embedding the implant into a cured composition of Group VIII, classified in class 433, subclass 201.1.
- XI. Claim 59, drawn to a method for preparing objects comprising curing the composition of Group VII in a mold, classified in class 264, subclass 496.
- XII. Claim 60, drawn to a method of drug delivery comprising applying and curing the composition of Group VII including a therapeutic agent, classified in class 424, subclass 484.
- XIII. Claims 61-78, 93, 98 and 99, drawn to a composition comprising a polymeric bone substitute, a deformable crosslinkable polymer and a (photo)initiator, classified in class 522, subclass 087.
- XIV. Claims 79-84, drawn to a cured composition obtained by curing the Group XII composition, classified in class 527, subclass 200.
- XV. Claim 85, drawn to a method of promoting bone generation comprising applying and curing the Group XII composition, classified in class 522, subclass 087.
- XVI. Claims 86-88, drawn to a method of stabilizing a dental implant comprising embedding the implant into a cured composition of Group XIII, classified in class 433, subclass 201.1.
- XVII. Claim 89, drawn to a method for preparing objects comprising curing the composition of Group XII in a mold, classified in class 264, subclass 496.
- XVIII. Claim 90, drawn to a method of drug delivery comprising applying and curing the composition of Group XII including a therapeutic agent, classified in class 424, subclass 484.

The Inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions I and II or VII and VIII or XIII and XIV are related as mutually exclusive species in an intermediate-final product relationship. Distinctness is proven for claims in this relationship if the intermediate product is useful to make other than the final product, and the species are patentably distinct (MPEP § 806.05(j)). In the instant case, the intermediate product is deemed to be useful as a coating composition for a substrate and the inventions are deemed patentably distinct because there is nothing on this record to show them to be obvious variants.

Inventions I and VII and XIII are directed to related compositions because each contains a bone substitute. The related inventions are distinct if the inventions as claimed do not overlap in scope, i.e., are mutually exclusive; the inventions as claimed are not obvious variants; and the inventions as claimed are either not capable of use together or can have a materially different design, mode of operation, function, or effect. See MPEP § 806.05(j). In the instant case, the kind of crosslinkable material added to the bone substitute provides a different function and/or effect.

Inventions II and VIII and XIV are directed to related products obtained by curing a composition comprising a bone substitute. The related inventions are distinct if the inventions as claimed do not overlap in scope, i.e., are mutually exclusive; the inventions as claimed are not obvious variants; and the inventions as claimed are either not capable of use together or can have a materially different design, mode of operation, function, or effect. See MPEP § 806.05(j). In the instant case, the kind of crosslinkable material added to the bone substitute provides a product having a different function and/or effect.

Inventions II and VIII and XIV are related as products which share an alleged common utility of embedding a dental implant but the common utility is not linked to a substantial structural feature. The products in this relationship are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the products encompass embodiments that are not required to perform the common utility or (2) that the

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products as claimed can be used to perform another utility. In this case, the products as claimed can be used to perform another utility, such as drug delivery or promoting bone generation or as molded objects.

Inventions I and III or V or VI; Inventions VII and IX or XI or XII; or Inventions XIII and XV or XVIII or XVIII are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product. See MPEP § 806.05(h). In the instant case each product can be used in a materially different process such as promoting bone generation, preparing objects or delivery of drugs.

Inventions II and IV; Inventions VII and X or Inventions XIII and XVI are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product. See MPEP § 806.05(h). In the instant case the process of embedding an implant can be practiced with different products such as the cured compositions of claim 24 or claim 49 or claim 79.

Because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art in view of their different classification, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper. Because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above and the inventions require a different field of search (see MPEP § 808.02), restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper. Because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

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Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an election of a species or invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.

The election of an invention or species may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions or species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions or species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C.103(a) of the other invention.

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Susan W. Berman whose telephone number is 571 272 1067. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9:30-6:00.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James Seidleck can be reached on 571 272 1078. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

SB 5/11/06

Susan W Berman Primary Examiner Art Unit 1711